

this section if adherence to that limit would create a substantial hardship for the school's present or prospective students. The Secretary determines whether to grant the school a waiver after considering, among other factors—

(1) The extent to which the school provides and expects to continue providing educational opportunities to economically disadvantaged students, as measured by the percentage of those students enrolled at the school who—

(i) Are in families that fall within the "low-income family" category used by the Bureau of the Census;

(ii) Would not be able to enroll or continue their enrollment at that school without Stafford, SLS, or PLUS loans made or originated by the school; and

(iii) Would not be able to obtain a comparable education at another school;

(2) The extent to which the school offers educational programs that—

(i) Are unique in the geographical area the school serves; and

(ii) Would not be available to some students if the school adhered to the 50 percent lending limit; and

(3) The quality of the school's—

(i) Management of student financial assistance programs; and

(ii) Conformance with sound business practices.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1840-0538)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1077, 1078, 1078-1, 1078-2, 1078-3, 1082, 1085)

[57 FR 60323, Dec. 18, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 9120, Feb. 19, 1993; 59 FR 33358, June 28, 1994]

**§ 682.602 [Reserved]**

**§ 682.603 Certification by a participating school in connection with a loan application.**

(a) A school shall certify that the information it provides in connection with a loan application about the borrower and, in the case of a parent borrower, the student for whom the loan is intended, is complete and accurate. Except as provided in 34 CFR part 668, subpart E, a school may rely in good faith upon statements made on the application by the student.

(b) The information to be provided by the school about the borrower making application for the loan pertains to—

(1) The borrower's eligibility for a loan, as determined in accordance with § 682.201 and § 682.401(b) (1) and (2);

(2) The student's estimated cost of attendance for the period for which the loan is sought;

(3) The student's estimated financial assistance for the period for which the loan is sought;

(4) For a Stafford loan, the student's eligibility for interest benefits, based on information provided by the student upon which the school can rely and as determined in accordance with § 682.301; and

(5) The schedule for disbursement of the loan proceeds, which must reflect the delivery of the loan proceeds as set forth in § 682.604(c)(6).

(c) [Reserved]

(d) A school may not certify a Stafford, PLUS, or SLS loan application, or combination of loan applications, for a loan amount that—

(1) The school has reason to know would result in the borrower exceeding the annual or maximum loan amounts in § 682.204; or

(2) Exceeds the student's estimated cost of attendance, less—

(i) The student's estimated financial assistance for that period; and

(ii) In the case of a Stafford loan that is eligible for interest benefits, the borrower's expected family contribution for that period.

(e) A school may refuse to certify a Stafford, SLS, or PLUS loan application or may reduce the borrower's determination of need for the loan if the reason for that action is documented and provided to the student in writing, provided—

(1) The determination is made on a case-by-case basis;

(2) The documentation supporting the determination is retained in the student's file; and

(3) The school does not engage in any pattern or practice that results in a denial of a borrower's access to FFEL loans because of the borrower's race, sex, color, religion, national origin, age, handicapped status, income, or selection of a particular lender or guaranty agency.